

Math 473 Assignment 3

Section 3.2

2. Follow the hint.

4. Let $f(x) = 5 \sin(3x) - 3 \sin(5x)$. Then $f'(x) = 15 \cos(3x) - 15 \cos(5x) = 30 \cdot \sin(4x) \cdot \sin(x) = 0$ when $x = 0, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \pi$. Now, $f(0) = f(\pi) = 0$, $f(\frac{\pi}{4}) = f(\frac{3\pi}{4}) = \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{2} = 4\sqrt{2}$, while $f(\frac{\pi}{2}) = -8$. Thus, the Maximum/Minimum Principles yield $-8 \leq u(x, t) \leq 4\sqrt{2}$.

Section 3.3

$$2. (a) \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L u(x, t) dx = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L \left(\sum_{n=0}^N a_n e^{-(n\pi/L)^2 kt} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \right) dx \\ = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L a_0 dx + \frac{1}{L} \sum_{n=1}^N e^{-(n\pi/L)^2 kt} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \Big|_0^L = a_0.$$

The total heat energy in the insulated rod is constant.

$$(b) \int_0^L u_t(x, t) dx = \int_0^L k u_{xx}(x, t) dx = k u_x(x, t) \Big|_0^L = 0, \text{ by the B.C..}$$

$$3. (a) c_n \exp\left(-\frac{(n+\frac{1}{2})^2 \pi^2 kt}{L^2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+\frac{1}{2})\pi x}{L}\right), n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$(b) u(x, t) = \sum_{n=0}^N c_n \exp\left(-\frac{(n+\frac{1}{2})^2 \pi^2 kt}{L^2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{(n+\frac{1}{2})\pi x}{L}\right).$$

$$4. u(x, t) = u_p(x, t) + v(x, t) = x - 1 + e^{-9\pi^2 t/2} \sin\left(\frac{3\pi x}{2}\right).$$

$$7. u(x, t) = 4 - 2\pi + 2x + 7e^{-9t/4} \cos\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right).$$